G. R. S. 58]

Previous references.

P 34 P. 60

1914.

(Gen. Mis.)

File No. 90-14

Serial Nos. 12. 15. 16. 18. 30. 36.

Later references.

Gen 90-14 (46 to 52)

Preserved

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos.

Part B for Sept 15

SUBJECT.

Town Nots of the Dewan in Jany: 1914 in respect of certain taluks in the Kolar District.

W D 1351—GPB—20,000—13-12-15

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

(G. M.)

NOTES.

File No. 10-16

FILE HEADING.

From

No.	Dated	Received

Diary No.	Enclos.	Spare Copies.	Serial No.

BRIEF ABSTRACT OF LETTER.

	NOTES AND ORDERS.

NOTES—First Sheet.

23/2

2

[G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

G.R. File No. 90 of 1914-15

MR 470-14

G with Book & Sch with Jt. No. 15 23/2

Serial No.	
	Draft submitted as personally directed.
	VS — Issue 23-2-15 Mon 23/2
12	To the Dy Commr. Kolar Dt. No. G. 9266 Of 24-2-1915. Points out certain defects in the progress report on the various subjects embodied in the Tour notes of the Dewan's tour in his Dt during Jan 1914 and requests him to expedite the submission of the progress report of the last quarter with full information on all the subjects of the tour notes as well as of the list of the division of subjects called for
	Please put up the file in which I had made certain proposals regarding these Tour Notes. A Mon 16/3.
	Resubmitted with the required file. Please see routine note in the Register which seems to have escaped attention & kindly furnish the required information. Mon 17-3
	17-3-15 Attended to & resubmitted 18-3-15

VS 17-3-15

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—25,000—2-14-14

MR 470

3

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. | of 191 .

Serial No.

Re- Dewan's Tour Notes.

A Register has been opened to show all the subjects dealt with in the four Tour Notes of the first tour in January 1914.

There are on the whole 93 subjects which may be classified as follows :-

Subjects belonging to Br I = 26
" Br II = 3
" Br III = 6
" Br IV = 23
" Br V = 5
" Br VI = 25
" Br VII = 5
Total 93.

The Dy: Commr has submitted progress reports in respect only of 49 subjects, and that too only for the quarter ended July 1914. The Dy: Commr has not also submitted a list showing the distribution of the subjects between himself, the S. Dos and Amildars. His attention has been drawn to these omissions. Within a short time the report for the quarter ending March will be due. On receipt of that report or a

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—25,000—2-12-14

TO THE DEWAN OF MYSORE

FOR INFORMATION.

———o———

The Comptroller in his d.o. letter wants the Secretariat file about the sanction of a lorry for the Dewan's use to be sent to him for reference. He is not entitled to see any file of the Sect. unless those sent to him unofficially.

As Financial Secy, the position would be very different

But in this case he writes as Comptroller.

I have therefore not referred to this point in the draft d.o. reply which I propose to send him which is put up in the accompanying file

D. M. Narasimha Rao
23/5

Dewan

Serial No.

C.

Receipt of the report for the quarter ended Dec 14, already over-due, a Review will be put up of the progress achieved so far.

The Register will if approved be now circulated to the several branches, for noting remarks regarding disposal in accordance with Instruction No IV dated 20-2-15. It is presumed that Each of the Subjects dealt with is being regarded as an independent Case and a Separate file has been opened for Each Case. If this has not already been done, it appears to be important it should be done now.

It is observed from the progress report submitted by the Dy Com that Some-casual observations have in the four notes have also been treated as on independent Subjects, and Several questions which ought to have been so treated find no mention at all. The nomenclature adopted in describing the Subjects is also in some instances different to that adopted here. This is the first report. It is not known what further reports Mistakes will

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—25,000—2-11-14

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. of 191 .

Serial No.

be Committed in the Second and subsequent reports.

With a View to avoid all these irregularities, Simplify procedure, and arrive at a uniform understanding I think a list of the subjects may be got typed, and Sent to the Dy Comrs, and extracts thereof a cutting from it furnished to the Branches Instead of referring elaborately by name to each of the subjects, every quarter which will mean a good deal of clerical labour, it will be quite enough if the subjects are hereafter referred to by their Register numbers. It will also facilitate our ~~working~~ abstracting of the progress reports in the Register, and whenever the subjects not yet disposed of have to be referred to in reviews or Correspondence they Can be referred to by their register number instead of being described at length. It no doubt means a little trouble to the typing Section but when once if this is not minded it means the saving of so much recurring Clerical labour all round, ~~here~~ hereafter.

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—25,000—2-11-14

MSR 470 B
4

6

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | G. M. File No. 90 of 1914.

Serial No.

If this proposal is approved, the list will be got typed (only the Serial number & subject matter) and sent to the Dy Comm^r with a letter as per draft herewith put up.
Dy Secy).

Asst
20/3.

Approved
B
24/3/15

Mr S. Sastry - Please take needful action at once.
Asst
22/3.

Mr. Samiachetty
Please send a typist with detailed instructions as to what he is to do.
15
22/3

15 To the Dy Comm. Kolar Dt
no. G. 10232 dy 24-3-1915.
Forwards a list of subjects dealt with in the notes and requests that quarterly reports may be submitted with reference to each one of them in the order in which it appears in the list. &c.
six typed Spare copies are herewith put up for distribution to Branches I, II, III, IV, VI & VII and will be distributed if approved
B hrs Yes. Please circulate
24.3.15

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—25,000—2-11-14

31-3
4
To

Bm

All Sections of Br III
in noting the Nāga of
Nāgas & of such
subject dealt with in
the Br

The matter is to be
considered as urgent

NK
31-3-15

4.25 p.m. Secty
Home in Legislative

31/3/15 - 4.35 P.M.

Secretary's Office

Print Regn noted on
1/4/15

Notice passed on
1.4.15

Circulated to
all Sections
Please note the
Rate of progress
against each
Subject —

SS

26/3

Rec 27/3 Action taken noted
in 3 cases + passed
on
PSS 27/3/15
SS 27/3/15
27/3/15

June 1914

No 2470/6

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | G. M File No. 90 of 1914-15

Serial No.

This has been indicated in the few pages.
VS

Register also for noting
The place for noting may be indicated
It is requested that Each Branch should not keep the Registers for more than 2 days. The Notes should have reference particularly to the Stage of progress of Each Subject — What Subjects may be considered as finally disposed of, What are pending, & when they may be expected to be disposed of etc.
Asst
26/3.

Leaflet attached 43 from mis 260-16

To Branches I, II, III, IV, VI & VII
S/A
noted & passed on to Br II
29/3/15

Copy taken and action started. No 33 does not belong to Br II but to Br III.
Mis 1522 814-15
Mis
30/3
20 Br III
J. Mis 425-14 4-30-1
copy taken & needful action commenced.
Mis
1-4-15
to Br IV

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—25,000—22-3-15

G.M. 7. 90-14 8

G.R.S. 13]

Routine Notes.

[To be used only for notes, requisitions, etc., not intended for permanent record.]

D 8210
Sl 16

Letter no. 355 dt 13-3-1915 from the Dy Commr. Kolar Submitting ~~the progress~~ a ~~poo~~ statement showing the progress made during the quarter ending 31-12-1914 in the disposal of subjects mentioned in the Dewan's tour notes for January & March 1914. A draft reply is submitted for kind approval or other orders.

VS hms
26.3.1915

Issue
Mr.
26/3

Issued

Sl. 18

To the D.C. Kolar. no. G 10371 dt 29-3-1915. Invites attention to the instructions conveyed in letter no. G 10232 dt 24-3-1915 and requests that separate reports for the 2 tours (in January & March respectively) may kindly be prepared & submitted in the light of the instructions referred to above.

hms

N.B.—Should routine notes be written on small slips, the notes must be copied, or slips pasted on this form.

GPB—50,000—29-6-14

G. R. S. 12]

9 8th-10

General and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. | of 191

Serial No.

Copy of the typed list taken & file passed on to Branch VI.

~~Nos 42, 56, 83 & 84 & 344 belong to Branch IV~~.

Copy taken and the file passed on to Br. VII

[illegible]

No. 25 (Serial No. 94) under prohibition Taluk. added in pencil

Br VII nos are, the pos. 15, 30, 31, 32, 45 and 94.

One typed list has been taken for further use, and the stage of the questions noted in the Reg.

Ref. to Br V

[illegible] 14.4.15

Please issue a reminder and get the progress report for March 15 quarter long overdue. Very early.

Mor 14/5

Submitted with a draft.

[illegible] 24.5.15. Issue Mor 25/5

Issued. No. G/3321. Dt. 27.5.15

[illegible]

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—25,000—2-11-14

8210 19

R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

G. M. File No. 90 of 1914.

Serial No.

As the report has not yet been received, the file is resubmitted with a draft reminder.

Issue
Asst
19.6

Issued no. G. 1332, D. 21.5.15

30 From the Dy Commr. Kollar Dt. No. 482 Dy 22.6.1915. Submits a statement showing the progress made during the quarter ending 31-3-15 in the disposal of subjects mentioned in the Dewan's Tour notes for January 1914. The progress report has been incorporated in the Tour note book at and is herewith submitted for perusal before circulation to the several branches.

15 Asst Please put up Copy of the
6.7.15 Review which Shiva
relates to this Tour.

The review referred to by the asstt Secretary relates to the Tour made in April 1914. Sub

Asst
17.7

15 Asst
17-7-15.

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—25,000—22-3-15

[G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

File No. D'ctn 106 of 191

Serial No.

Br I

To all Sections.
Please note in the Register against Subjects dealt with here.

SS
21/7/15

15m
SS
21/7

Br I
MM
24/7

J Secs 165-15

7 Secs 106 & 1915

Br III
To all Sections
to Nothing in the Register against Subjects dealt with in this Branch.
KM.
4/8/15.

The file may be rapidly circulated among the several branches for notes; and remarks. It is requested that each branch should not keep the file longer than 2 days.

Mem
24.7

Br I. Some of the Subjects marked for this Branch are, it is presumed dealt with in the PW Sect: Hence the Branch is unable to make any Comments on the progress reports.

SS
29.7.15

Passed on to Br II

There is only one subject viz 84 relating to Branch II. There are no remarks to make about it.

MM
3/8/15

Br III vide slip attached.
MM 4.8.15

Passed on to Br IV

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—25,000—22-3-15

G. R. S. 12]

mis 7375

12(2).5

General and Revenue Secretariat.

G. M File No. 90 of 1915.

	Serial No.	
L-7. mis 255-15.		The only subjects on which Branch IV can note are 28- 37 & 44. Noted & passed on to Branch VI)
		5/8/15
Mem SKJ Tue 8/9		Noted and ret'd to Br- V.
		As the progress report for the quarter ending 30th June 1915 has not yet been received, a draft reminder is putup.
		Issue 4/9. Mem 6/9.
	36	From the Dy Commr. Kolar Dt. No. 1370 25-9-1915. Forwards a progress statement regarding the subjects dealt with in the Inspection notes of the Dewan's Tour in January 1914. The progress report will be duly incorporated in the Tour notes Register and will then be circulated to the Branches if approved. Submitted for pleasure 4.10.15 Mem 4/10.

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—25,000—30-4-15.

G. Mis 165 15

G. Mis 1579-15

29/1/17

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

File No. of 191

E & A mis 73-15

Serial No.

The report has been duly incorporated in the register, and the file is circulated to the Branches for favor of remarks.

VS

24-11-15

Circulated to Case-workers for note.

24/11/15

Branch I

~~Passed on to Br II~~

22/12/15

H. notes & ret 2.16 12/15

Recd on 27/12

Noted

Noted and passed on to Br III.

28/12

G. F. mis 1519-15

31/12

Noted and passed on to Br IV

31/12/15

No remarks. Passed on to Br VI

3/1/16

Caseworkers for note.

3.1.16

A report received from the I.G. of Edn. regarding the subjects noted in the regr. was submd. for being sent to Br. V for note & return

This file may be returned to Br-V for kindly noting the needful.

10/1

8:1.16

10.1.16 28 Br VI

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—20,000—30-6-15

Retd to Br. VI with the other file refd to.

VS

12.1.16

Noted and passed on

20.1.16

to Br VII

20.1.16

G. R. S. 12]

D 2989
14

General and Revenue Secretariat. G. M File No. 90 of 1914.

Serial No.

Subd.

Serials 32 & 45 have been finally disposed of and the Nos & date of the Govt orders are given. In the other cases reminders are being issued to the D Z Commrs concerned

WM 2.2.16 am 2/2/16

Further action will, if approved, be taken in G. M. File 319-15 in which is dealt with the progress report (on these Form notes) for the quarter ended 30-9-1915

VS Hm 2.2.16

For further notes, see file-
G. M. 319-15-1

VS 18.7.16

Linked herewith

B

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—30,000—15-9-14

G.M. 90-14-12

G.R.S. 27]

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

(Continuation sheet draft form.)

No: G. 9266
D/ 24. 2. 15.

To

The Dy Commr Kolar

---81.

His letter no. 23 ⊛ dated 24th July 1914 submitting a statement of progress made on the various subjects embodied in the notes of the Dewan's tour in his District during January 1914.

With reference to the above has the honor to observe that

(1) the Report ~~does~~ is not exhaustive, many of the subjects not having been dealt with at all.

(2) the division of the subjects into three classes as suggested in para-

⊛ Pointed out to the Supdt. (Mr. V.S.) that this letter was not in the file which was receiving.
22/1/17

graph 2 of O.M. No. R 6603-51/L.R-449-13-1 of 21-2-1914 has not been prepared and furnished for the information of Government as required.

(3) ~~the~~ the progress reports for the succeeding quarters have not been received.

The Deputy Commissioner is therefore requested to bestow his personal attention in the matter and expedite the submission of the progress report of the last quarter giving detailed information on all the subjects of the Zone noted noting at what stage each is, as also of the ~~to~~ list of the division of the subjects referred to above.

B. O

It is suggested that for the purpose of convenience and speedy disposal of references the subjects may be arranged in the order in which they have been dealt with in each case, every year (with their serial number during the particular year) under various heads.

In the Office

G. R. S. 26]

for File No. 90-14

Serial No. 15

Diary No. of letter replied to Mis Dis 470

No. G. 10232/one

General and Revenue Secretariat

( )

, the 191 .

To

The Dy: Comr

Kolar District

Date of issue 24 · 3 · 15

Signed by for Chief Secy.

Sir,

In Continuation of this office Dis G. 9266 dated 26-2-15 re. Dewan's Tour Notes I am directed to forward herewith a list of the Subjects dealt with in the Notes, and to ~~state that a Consolidated register~~ request that till all the Subjects

over.

SUBJECT.

12L 22/3/15

are finally disposed of, quarterly Reports may be submitted with reference to Each one of them in the order in which it appears on the list - am to add that as a similar list is maintained in this office, it will be quite enough to refer to the subjects by their ~~to~~ serial number on the list, instead of by their Name

I have &c

for

List of enclo.

Copied by

Examined by

GPB—25,000—4-3-13

No. 357

Deputy Commissioner's office,

Kolar District,

Dated Kolar, the 13th March 1915.

From

P. F. B O W R I N G, Esquire, J.P.,

Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District.

To

D. M. Narasinga Rao, Esquire, B.A. B.L.,

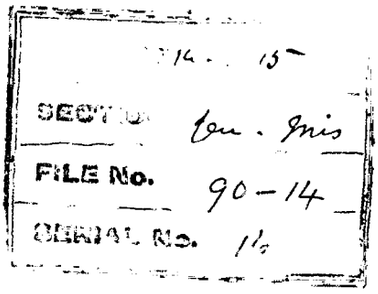
Offg. Secretary to the Government of

His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,

General and Revenue Department,

B a n g a l o r e.

8210



Sir,

I have the honor to submit herewith a statement showing the progress made during the quarter ending 31st December 1914 in the disposal of subjects mentioned in the Dewan's Tour Notes for January and March 1914.

2. Some of the subjects that have been omitted have been finally disposed of.

3. The departments to which the subjects have been referred for disposal have been noted against each subject in column4 of the statement herein enclosed.

4, A list of 12 subjects selected by the Deputy Commissioner for disposal by himself is attached at the foot of the enclosed statement.

I have the honor to be,

S i r,

Your most obedient servant,

For Deputy Commissioner,

Kolar District.

R.T.

GPE—100,000—29-7-14

191

From

[illegible] Collector,

[illegible] District.

To

[illegible] to the [illegible]
[illegible] Calcutta.

Dated [illegible]-1914.

Despatched

Received

General No.
No.

Enclosure No.

Subject.

In connection with
showing the progress
made during the year
ending 31-12-14 in the
disposal of subjects
mentioned in the above
letter for favour of
[illegible]

G. R. S. 26]

File No. 90-14
Serial No. 18

Diary No. of letter replied to

No. Q. 10371/one

General and Revenue Secretariat

, the *191* .

To

The Deputy Commr.-
Kolar DI.

Date of issue 29. 3. 15

Signed by Mr. M.S.R. Rao

His letter no. 355 Q 13-3-1915 submitting a statement showing the progress made during the quarter ending 31-12-1914 in the disposal of subjects mentioned in the Dewan's tour notes for January & March 1914.

With reference to the above has the honor to observe

over.

SUBJECT.

27/3/15

that separate reports ought
to have been submitted regard-
ing ~~the two~~ each of the
towns instead of ~~blending~~ Combining
them together as at present

Attention is also invited
to the instructions conveyed
in this office letter no. Q 10232
Of 24th ~~March~~ 1915 and ~~the~~
Deputy Commissioner is re-
quested to Kindly prepare
two separate progress reports
for the two towns according
to these instructions for the
present quarter, i.e. ~~31st~~ which is almost now over
for the one ending 31-3-1915
and submit them before
the 15th proximo.

The enclosure received
with his letter under reply
is herewith returned.

By order

for Offg Secy.

List of enclosures,

One

Copied by

Examined by

GPB—25,000—4-3-13

DIARY No. 19

1914-15
SECTION G.M
No. 482 No. 90-14
SERIAL No. 30

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,
Kolar District,
Dated, Kolar, the 22nd June 1915.

From

P. F. B O T T R I N G, Esquire., J. P.,
Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District.

To

D. M. Narasinga Rao, Esquire., B.A.B.L.,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments,
B a n g a l o r e.

Sir,

I have the honor to submit herewith a statement showing the progress made during the quarter ending 31st March 1915, in the disposal of subjects mentioned in the Dewan's tour notes for January 1914, prepared in the order in which they appear on the list forwarded to me with your No.G.12596/G.149-15 dated 14th May 1915.

2. Some of the subjects referred to in the list have been finally disposed of and permission is therefore requested to omit them in the next quarterly progress report.

3. I am sorry that no progress report has been received for this quarter from the Inspector-General of Education and the Executive Engineer in regard to Educational and D. P. W. subjects, respectively.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Venkatosa Rangar
For Deputy Commissioner,
Kolar District.
(Absent from station)

GPB—100,000—29-7-14

191 5

From

The Deputy Commissioner
Kolar District

To

The Secretary to the
Govt of H.H. The Maharaja
of Mysore

Dated

Despatched

Received

General No.

No.

Enclosure No.

Submits a statement
showing the progress
during the quarter ending
31-3-1915 in the disposa
of subjects mentioned in
the Dewan's Fortnightly
for January 1915

Statement showing the progress made in the disposal of subjects mentioned in the Dewan's tour notes for January 1914 relating to Kolar District, during the quarter ending 31st M a r c h 1 9 1 5.

No.	Progress.
1.	The request was complied with last year when there was scarcity for fodder owing to unfavourable seasonal conditions.
2.	The matter is under correspondence with the Conservator of Forests.
3.	The Inspector-General of Education states that funds will be made available next year.
4.	
5.	Under investigation.
6.	Lights have now been provided.
7.	Under investigation.
8.	This has been set right.
9.	
10.	The Inspector has been transferred.
11.	The matter is still under investigation.
12.	The work was put on hand and is in progress.
13.	The subject has been referred to the Executive Engineer, Water Works and Stores Division, who has applied for funds.

(contd.)

33.

34. This has been done.

35. Under enquiry.

36. It is a matter for the consideration of the Chief Court.

37. The question of ~~contributing~~ constructing a new building for the hospital in a different part of the town is under consideration.

38. No reply has as yet been received.

39.

40. Plans and estimates submitted by the Executive Engineer were returned by the Superintending Engineer for modification and resubmission.

41. Under consideration by the District Board.

42. The matter is being enquired into by the Sub Division Officer. The Survey Department will be asked for opinion as they are now resurveying the Taluk.

43. This has been done.

44. The Sanitary Engineer, Water Works and Stores Division, states in his No. 228 dated 29/30th January 1915, that unless funds are placed at his disposal nothing can be done in the matter. Referred to Local Fund Department for necessary action.

45. An estimate for Rs.7,458/- has been sanctioned in Government Order No.1386-8 Muz.414-13-8 dated 5th January 1915 and the work has been put on hand.

46. The Superintendent, A.E.&.I. is enquiring into the matter.

47. The Curator, Oriental Library, Mysore, has been addressed in the matter and he has requested the Inspector General of Education to comply with the request.

68. A manager has been entertained for looking after the channels under the Gudibanda tank.

69. No progress report has been received from the Executive Engineer.

70. Pending with Inspector-General of Education.

71. Do. Do. Do.

72. Pending reply from the Superintendent, A.E.&.I.

73. Pending reply.

74. Do.

75. The Project is undergoing modification by the Executive Engineer.

76. The Executive Engineer promises to investigate into the matter.

77. Executive Engineer states that a report to the Superintending Engineer has been made.

78. Do. " Will be submitted".

79. The subject is under consideration of the Executive Engineer.

80. Do. Do. Do.

81. Do. Do. Do.

82. Do. Do. Do.

83. Since transferred to Kadur District.

84. Pending report of the District Excise Officer.

85. No report has yet been received from the Executive Engineer.

86. This has been taken up under Village Improvement Scheme.

DIARY No. 2989
1915-1916
SECTION G. M.
FILE No. 90-14
SERIAL No. 36

211

No. 137

Deputy Commissioner's office,
Kolar District,
Dated Kolar, the 24th September 1915.

From

P. F. B O W R I N G, Esquire, J.P.,
Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District.

To

D. M. Narasinga Rao, Esquire, B.A. B.L.,
Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
General Department, Bangalore.

Sir,

I have the honor to submit a statement showing the progress made during the quarter ending 30th June 1915 in the disposal of subjects mentioned in the Dewan's tour notes in January 1914 through certain taluks of this District.

2. Such of the subjects as have been disposed of are omitted from the list for the quarter under reference.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

M. Venkatesa Iyengar
Deputy Commissioner,
Kolar District.
(Absent from station)

GPB—100 000—29.7.14

191

From

The Deputy to : Inclosure.
Peter Petrie.

To

The Secretary to the Board of Agriculture, [illegible]
Cunliffe.

Dated 25th September 1915.

Despatched

Received

General No.
No.

Enclosure No.

Submitting a Statement
Showing the progress
made during the quar
ending 30.6.1915 in t
disposal of subjects mea
Board in the Dairy
Inspectors in [illegible]

SUBJECTS MENTIONED IN THE DEWAN'S TOUR NOTES FOR JANUARY1914.

2. The District Forest Officer states that the ~~records have~~ records have been submitted to the Conservator of Forests.

3. Conservator of Forests has been addressed for the free grant of wood .

5. Under investigation, (minor tank)

7. Under investigation. The report of the Silk Expert will be placed before the District Committee.

9. Their services may be utilized in organising and improving the work of the Village Improvement and Taluk Progress committees. Most of them being graduates, their active co-operation will be productive of much benefit. They may be employed in collecting statistics of production and in investigating the economic condition of the Taluks in which they are Sub-Regsitrars.

11. The matter has since been disposed of by Government and an endorsement issued to the petitioner as will be seen from Secretary's memo No. 73-muz.432-13-4dated 7th July 1914 to the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District.

13. Project is under prepartion in the D. P. W.

14. The scheme for the improvemnt of road facilities in the District is awaiting orders of Government. As soon as the scheme is sanctioned and funds allotted to this District, these roads will be given preference.

19. The matter has been reported to the I.G. of Education by the District Inspector.

20. The Inspector General of Education states that grants could be sanctioned only if the people can meet half the estimated cost and the Amildar has been asked to arrange accordingly. The question of levying fees on cattle etc., during the fair will have to be investigated.

21. A grant of Rs. 250/- has since been sanctioned.

23. The Executive Engineer states that the estimate just recived from the Sub-Division is under disposal in his office.

25. The Executive Engineer states that this is a general question. If any tanks are specified, the subject will be investigated.

26. This is found impossible, as there are no proper sites for a new tank.

27. This has to be decided at the time of the resurvey of the Taluk which comes off next year.

28. This cannot be done as the Jodidar objects to carrying out any work to the breached Rolkere.

30. Government have sanctioned Rs. 1,000 for the repairs

of the mosque and there is no record to show that the Government have promised Rs. 2,000 as stated in the petition. Government have now called for submission of an estimate for the repairs required for the mosque and the Executive Engineer has been requested in the matter.

31. The Sub-Division Officer, Chikballapur has been requested to submit proposals and his report is awaited.

33. The Sub-Division Officer is making enquiries in the matter ~~is~~ and is collecting information.

35. Reference has been made to the Conservator of Forests in the matter of the concession being granted.

36. Under investigation.

37. The Senior Surgeon has not approved of the site selected by the Deputy Commissioner. There are no eligible sites. The question may lie over for the present. The matter has been reported to Government.

38. This has been recommended.

39. Has been granted.

40. This has been sanctioned recently.

41. Vide No. 14.

42. vide No. 27

44. The subject is under enquiry with the Executive Engineer Water Supply and Stores Division.

46. Mr. Narayansami Chetty is in communication with the Manager. A respectable and reliable agent is required to carry on the work. This is engaging the attention of the townspeople.

47. The Curator has promised to supply the publications.

48. This has been sanctioned and the work is in progress.

49. Under consideration.

50. A tile factory has already been started and is working well. Grant of fuel at a concession rate has been sanctioned by Government lately.

51. The Head Master has since been transferred.

52. Conservator of Forests has been addressed in the matter.

54. The Pathapalya people have been asked to pay part of expenditure. Provision has since been made for half grant.

55. An aided V. E. school is now working.

56. One Mr. H.E. Abdul Rahiman Sahib has been putting up a building near the A.V. school for the benefit of Hindustani school.

57. Vide no. 14.

58. Do

59. Do

60. Project is under preparation.

61. The Executive Engineer states that only in the Goribidnur Taluk contributions have been received from ryots by the Revenue Department. (1. for the restoration of Devasandra Tank. 2. for the restoration of Hosur Kanikere.) Modified projects for restoring the Devasandra Tank has been submitted to the Superintending Engineer for disposal and for restoring the Kanikere the project is ready.

62. Under investigation.

63. 5 slays have been supplied to the Amildar of Bagepalli for distribution.

64. Under investigation by the Sub-Division Officer.

65. There is no necessity.

66. Projects have been sent to the I.G.of Education by the D.P.W. for approval.

67. An aided V.E. school is now working.

69. The project just received from the Sub-Division Officer will be disposed of after the personal inspection of the Voddu.

70. Site has been selected by the D.P.W. and the work will be put in hand immediately.

71. A new Head Master has been posted and he is popular.

72. A note drawn by the Superintendent, A.E. and I is forwarded herewith for favour of taking needful action by the Director of Industries and I.G. of Education.

73. Has been repaired.

74. Has been started.

75. Modified project for the construction of a new Tank at Thippaganhalli across the Bandehalli river has been submitted to the Superintending Engineer.

76. Under investigation.

77. The project has been submitted to the Superintending Engineer for dispoasl.

78. The project is ready.

79. Project is under investigation.

80. Project is under preparation.

81. This will be taken up soon.

82. This will be taken up soon.

84. A proposal has been received from the District Excise Officer. The same will be sent to the Excise Commissioner for taking needful action.

85. The road in the ghat portion will be improved after obtaining funds from the District Fund Board.

86 and 87 The scheme for the improvement of road facilities in the District is awaiting the orders of Government. As soon as the scheme is sanctioned and funds allotted to this District, these roads will be given preference.

88. Estimate is called for from the Executive Engineer.

89. The Municipality has no funds to provide the town with good drainage.

90. The funds of the Municipality cannot permit of this being done.

91. There is a musafirkhana at Dod-Kurgod which is only within ½ a mile from Vidura Aswatha. Another building at Vidua Aswatha is unnecessary. Besides, there are a few chatrams at Vidura Aswatha.

93. All that is necessary is being done by the District Superintendent, A.E.and I. One Co-operative society has been started at Subbenhalli, The installation of the ~~pla~~ plant is being pushed through.

M. Venkata Iyengar

Deputy Commissioner,
Kolar District.

Circulated among his officials of Bro Dt.

No. R6603-51/LR 449-13-1 Cossel

Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,

General & Revenue Secretariat.

Dated Bangalore, 21st February 1914.

OFFICE MEMORANDUM.

The accompanying Notes of the Dewan's tour in the northern half of the Kolar District comprising the Taluks of Srinivaspur, Chintamani, Sidlaghatta, Chikballapur, Bagepalli (including the Gudibanda Sub Taluk) and Goribidnur, are forwarded to the Heads of Departments and the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District, for information and favour of necessary action.

2. It is suggested that the questions raised be divided into-

(1) Subjects to be dealt with by the Deputy Commissioner himself (the more important questions, numbering perhaps not more than a dozen, may be reserved for personal attention by the Deputy Commissioner).

(2) Subjects concerning departments other than the Revenue.

(3) Subjects to be dealt with by the Sub-Divisional Officer and the Amildar.

3. Questions in which Heads of Departments are concerned may be dealt with in direct correspondence with them and the result reported. The Deputy Commissioner as the Head of the District administration, will be interested in seeing questions pertaining to all departments settled finally.

4. These suggestions are made with a view to fix the responsibility so that every one of the subjects may receive attention and be pursued to a final stage and an order of disposal placed on record.

5. Copies of lists, showing the division of subjects as per paragraph 2, may be prepared and furnished for the information of. - 2 -

Government and a quarterly report of progress submitted until every one of them is finally dealt with. The first quarterly report is to be due on 1st May 1914.

By Order,

For Secretary to Government.

To

The Heads of Departments.

The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

K.R.
S

NOTES OF THE DEWAN'S TOUR

IN THE

KOLAR DISTRICT

THROUGH THE TALUKS OF

SRINIVASPUR, CHINTAMANI, SIDDLAGHATTA, CHIKBALLAPUR,

BAGEPALLI (INCLUDING GUDIBANDA SUB-TALUK) AND GORIBIDNUR.

JANUARY 1914.

CONTENTS.

		PAGES.
SECTION I.	General review of the condition and wants of the area	1–2
SECTION II.	Inspection notes	3–10
SECTION III.	Information furnished by the Deputy Commissioner on the condition and wants of each taluk	11–23

SECTION I.

General review of the condition and wants of the area.

The tour commenced on the 2nd and was completed on the 12th January 1914. The Dewan was accompanied by the Deputy Commissioner, Mr. Bowring, the Executive Engineer, the District Forest Officer, and the Sub-Divisional Officers concerned. Mr. Dasappa, the Circle Inspector of the Education Department, was also present during a part of the tour.

Area and Population.

2. The tract inspected was the northern and north-western portions of the Kolar District comprising the Taluks of Srinivaspur, Chintamani, Siddlaghatta, Chikballapur, Bagepalli (including Gudibanda) and Goribidnur. The area of the tract is 1,969 square miles representing 62 per cent of the total area of the district and the population 416,542 souls forming 56·9 per cent of the whole.

Condition of taluks.

3. Some idea of the principal features and economic condition of the taluks may be gathered from the accompanying statements prepared by the Deputy Commissioner.

The tract includes regions subject to frequent drought. The rainfall is generally light ranging from 26 inches to 32 inches per annum. The driest of the taluks is Srinivaspur the rainfall of which for the calendar year 1913 was 21 inch es and 26 cents. The northern portion of the Chintamani Taluk is rocky with a large extent of uncultivable land. The Bagepalli Taluk is also rugged and hilly and not as fully opened up as it might be. The Chikballapur, Siddlaghatta and Goribidnur Taluks and the Gudibanda Sub-Taluk are abundantly provided with tanks and they have also considerable well-irrigation. These taluks are comparatively prosperous.

The town of Chikballapur is stated to have suffered in recent years on account of plague and short rainfall.

Crops, Occupations, etc.

4. The staple food crops grown are ragi and paddy and the most important commercial crops are sugarcane, mulberry, tamarind and groundnuts. There is a large area of culturable waste in all the taluks even under the tanks.

Sericulture, one of the most important industries of the region, is stated to be dying out owing to disease of silkworms and other causes. The houses are mostly made of mud walls and thatched roofs. Many villages are without a carpenter or blacksmith. The indigenous subsidiary village industries that existed in the past are all rapidly disappearing and no new ones have taken their place. There is a large Mahomedan population, especially near Srinivaspur, without sufficient employment on account of recent scarcity and other causes, but they did not seem willing to go to the Gold Fields where there is demand for labour.

Village communications.

5. The completion of the Kolar-Chikballapur Light Railway may be expected to assist in the development of the tract. Communication between villages is defective though otherwise the region is fairly well served by roads. The people seemed to realize that it was not possible for Government to undertake the construction and upkeep of minor local roads on a large scale. Many of them were willing to undertake the work themselves if only they received help in the way of acquisition of lands through which the roads are to be taken.

Education.

6. Education is in a backward condition, but a gratifying feature of the situation is that there is widespread demand for elementary schools both Vernacular and English. Female education is also growing popular and Panchama education has made a good start.

The [illegible] schools are everywhere in a languishing condition, and seem to require the very early attention of the Inspector-General of Education.

Tank irrigation.

7. The most regrettable feature of the tract is that a large number of tanks has been allowed to fall into decay. The number of unrestored major tanks is said to be 41, and that of minor tanks of the same class 1,154. Only two major tanks were restored by Government in the Kolar District during the year 1912-13, the number of minor tanks restored or repaired during the same period being 195 in respect of earthwork, and 52 as regards stone and masonry work. At this rate, the tanks must be deteriorating faster than they are repaired. The prosperity of this tract is almost entirely bound up with the problem of tank restoration and development of tank irrigation. It is said that the capacity of the larger tanks has been reduced by silt and much of the land under command, remains uncultivated from year to year for want of sufficient water-supply, except in years of unusually good rainfall. Most of these tanks and many of the major ones were constructed by the people themselves in the past and their restoration on any large scale will not be possible unless the people come forward to undertake the work themselves. When the subject was discussed at the various taluk centres, there was an encouraging response, many people expressing their willingness to restore the tanks if suitable concessions were granted. The subject of modifying the existing rules and granting special concessions at least in the case of the more promising tanks which people are able to restore themselves, is under the consideration of Government. The local officers were requested to prepare lists of such cases with details of the concessions considered reasonable, pending the issue of the general orders of Government regarding the policy to be pursued in this respect in future.

People's wants and requirements.

8. The Deputy Commissioner has lucidly explained the principal defects and wants of the taluks in his notes printed in Section III. The information supplied and the statistics given should be carefully studied by all the officers employed in the district and should at all times be fully posted with such information. In order to enable the people to explain their wants and requirements, meetings were held of the village officers and representatives of the villages at all the taluk headquarters and other important places visited, at which the local officers were present. Most of the representations made referred to local wants but the discussions also provided the consideration of measures needed for the permanent improvement of the taluks. The local officers have taken notes of representations received and the Deputy Commissioner will doubtless make sure that all the notes taken will receive due attention from the departments and officers concerned. In a few large villages, intelligent village officers and village officers, to whom the village improvement scheme was explained, were enthusiastic in their offers of co-operation to introduce the scheme and to stimulate a spirit of self-help among the rural population in their taluks in this way.

Principal local wants.

Among the local wants requiring special attention may be mentioned the following:

(1) Improvement of the water-supply of the town of Chintamani.

(2) Augmentation of the water-supply of the town of Chikballapur.

(3) A drainage project for the Goribidnur town.

(4) A bridge across the Chitravati at Bagepalli.

(5) Construction of a road from Siddlaghatta to Vadagenhalli *via* Melur, and of better village tracks in the Bagepalli Taluk.

(6) Development of irrigation under the Chitravati in the Bagepalli Taluk.

Seasonal conditions.

9. The last south-west monsoon was a partial failure and the north-east monsoon was also disappointing. The effect was most noticeable in Srinivaspur, Chintamani and Siddlaghatta Taluks where the dry crops suffered appreciably. The tanks in Bagepalli and Goribidnur seem to have benefited from the rains of September and October which saved the crops. Several petitions were received praying for remission or postponement of assessment. Complaints of fodder scarcity were heard from the people in the Srinivaspur Taluk. These have been referred to the local authorities for action.

SECTION II.

Inspection Notes.

1. REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Chintamani Taluk.

The accounts of village officers are not regularly filed in the records. The work in the Taluk Office seems light and the arrears with the Shekdars heavy.

Srinivaspur Taluk.

A large number of dafters are shown as having been sorted but they are not really sorted.

Chikballapur Taluk.

Criminal and Revenue work in the Taluk Cutcherry seems slow. The Amildar seemed otherwise energetic.

Gudibanda Sub-Taluk.

The work in the sub-taluk is light. The Jodidar of Sarvamanya Shidganhalli and the inhabitants of some other villages of the Chikballapur Taluk, which are within three or four miles of Gudibanda, desire that these villages may be added on to the Gudibanda Sub-Taluk. At present, the boundary of the Chikballapur Taluk comes within two miles of Gudibanda. There was a prayer also that the sub-taluk might be converted into a taluk.

Goribidnur Taluk.

The Revenue work of the taluk is very much in arrears. The records are not properly sorted and there is much delay in writing out 'pherists' and sending records to the Record-keeper. Some darkhasts are reported to be missing.

It was noticed that in the offices examined there was no register or return from which the number of papers actually pending at any time in the taluk may be readily made out. It is necessary that some arrangements should be made to maintain a consolidated statement of petitions, darkhasts and other references awaiting disposal by departments so that the Amildar may know exactly what his arrears are. This statement should be ready and signed by the Amildar before the 5th of every month.

A list of unanswered references should be prepared in regard to papers submitted to the Sub-Division Officer and forwarded to that Officer by the Amildar once a month. The list should be returned to the Amildar with the remarks of the Deputy Commissioner and the Sub-Division Officer for record in the Taluk Office.

If such lists of unanswered references are not prescribed by standing orders, a suitable circular may now be prepared for issue, in consultation with the Revenue Commissioner.

2. FOREST DEPARTMENT.

Srinivaspur Taluk.

A representation was made that, on account of scarcity of fodder this year, the Royalpad and other State Forests may be thrown open for free grazing in the

[illegible] weather. The District Forest Officer who was present saw no objection [illegible] the prayer. The matter may be enquired into and if there is no objection the request may be complied with.

There was much opposition to the proposed forest reservation at Morsanpalli. This [illegible] requires investigation and report by the Deputy Commissioner.

Chikballapur Taluk.

The Ho[illegible] was complained that the fee per head load of fuel had been recently raised from 6 pies to 9 pies. The Forest Officer has agreed to obtain a remission of the fee for the year on account of hard times.

Bagepalli Taluk.

The inhabitants of the Bagepalli Taluk want fuel to be given to them at the [illegible] rate of 4 annas per cart-load for boiling sugarcane juice. The request is now under consideration.

3. EXCISE DEPARTMENT.

Goribidnur Taluk.

It was brought to notice that, out of a total number of 115,000 date trees, 40,000 are annually worked, with the result that the groves are likely to become exhausted early. New plantations are not springing up as rapidly as the old ones are worked out. The question regarding the arrangements for the future supply of toddy requires careful investigation.

4. JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Srinivaspur Taluk.

The criminal file seems to be light. Some burglaries are reported to have occurred in Srinivaspur itself.

Chikballapur Taluk.

Disposal of criminal work by the Amildar seemed slack.

A representation for the transfer of the Manchenhalli Hobli to the jurisdiction of the Munsiff of Chikballapur from that of the Munsiff of Dodballapur was reported.

5. REGISTRATION DEPARTMENT.

Chintamani Taluk.

The Sub-Registrar says that he has only two or three hours' work a day. A similar state of things was found to prevail in the other Sub-Registrars' Offices examined. The question of giving sufficient employment to these officials requires early attention.

In most of the offices, the documents presented for registration are not returned promptly to the parties notwithstanding that the work in the offices is very light.

6. POLICE DEPARTMENT.

Chintamani Taluk.

There seems to be some friction between the Police and the townspeople of Chintamani which should be removed as early as possible. It has been suggested that the Police Inspector and two or three of the old constables may be transferred. The Inspector-General of Police will take such action as may be necessary in the matter in consultation with the Deputy Commissioner.

GORIBIDNUR TALUK.

There were some complaints against the Police Inspector of Goribidnur which were referred to Mr. Bowring for enquiry and disposal.

7. MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

CHIKBALLAPUR TALUK.

The Hospital for women and children is close to the important Mission Hospital in Chikballapur. The question as to whether this may not be removed to another part of the town where it might be more useful should be considered. In that case the present building may be used as quarters for the Munsiff.

BAGEPALLI TALUK.

As Chelur is at the extreme end of the taluk, it has been suggested that the Local Fund Dispensary at that village may be transferred to Pathapalya or Nallacheruvu. The Deputy Commissioner will consider the suggestion and submit necessary proposals in consultation with the Senior Surgeon.

8. EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

CHINTAMANI TALUK.

The offer of Mr. Bhyra Reddy to increase the amount now invested by him in Railway debentures from Rs. 10,000 to Rs. 15,000 and to devote part of the interest accruing thereon for educational purposes should be further investigated by the Deputy Commissioner with a view to give it a practical shape. It is desirable to encourage philanthropically disposed persons to provide funds for the spread of education.

SRINIVASPUR TALUK.

Some life should be put into the Industrial School which is languishing.

SIDDLAGHATTA TALUK.

The Anglo-Vernacular School building requires enlargement.

An increased grant to the Sanskrit School at Siddlaghatta was asked for. The request may be complied with, if reasonable.

An English School and a Girls' School were asked for by the residents of Melur village.

The need of a building for a school at Muttar was brought to notice.

CHIKBALLAPUR TALUK.

The Girls' School in Chikballapur town seems well attended. The request for an English teacher for the school should receive consideration.

The High School does not seem to command sufficient confidence under the present management. There is an air of indifference and slackness about the way the institution is managed.

An increased grant for the English School at Mandikal was asked for.

BAGEPALLI TALUK.

An English School was asked for for each hobli.

The Mahomedan inhabitants of Bagepalli want the Hindustani School to be constructed near the Anglo-Vernacular School so that the boys may be able to attend classes in Kannada and English. Similar requests for separate schools for Mahomedans have also been received from other quarters. This seems a question of some general importance in the interests of that community. The boys and girls are likely to become more useful if they attend ordinary schools. The question why facilities should not be given for the study of Urdu and for religious teaching to Mahomedan boys in the existing schools and why thereby separate schools for the

attendance may not be done away with, wherever possible, deserves the careful consideration of the Education Department.

A school was asked for for the Yellampalli village.

GUDIBANDA SUB-TALUK.

Permanent accommodation is wanted for the Gudibanda School.

A school was wanted at Someswar village.

GORIBIDNUR TALUK.

The Anglo-Vernacular School is located in a dilapidated building. There were complaints against the teachers and it was stated they had no permanent Head Master.

The Industrial School does no useful work.

The Girls' School is also in an unsatisfactory state. The building requires repairs.

An English School was asked for by the villagers of Huduguru.

9. PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

(a) Buildings.

CHINTAMANI TALUK.

The necessity for additional accommodation for the lock-up has been suggested.

CHIKBALLAPUR TALUK.

A small new building for the lock-up at the Police Station seems necessary. The Deputy Commissioner and the Executive Engineer are aware of the need.

(b) Roads and Bridges.

SIDDLAGHATTA TALUK.

Local communications in the taluk are insufficient. The northern portions of the taluk require to be opened up by one or more centrally situated roads.

A road most required is one from Vadagenhalli to Siddlaghatta *via* Melur and it is stated that funds could be raised for it if permission is given to levy a fee on the cattle brought to the cattle fair at Melur as is done in other cattle fairs. The Deputy Commissioner has promised to investigate the proposal and send up definite recommendations.

It was stated that the road between Siddlaghatta and Dibburhalli was not properly maintained.

CHIKBALLAPUR TALUK.

A road from Dibburhalli to join the Chintamani-Chelur road was asked for.

BAGEPALLI TALUK.

In order to sufficiently open out this taluk, the following roads were represented to be necessary:—

(1) A road from Bagepalli to Gulur and thence to Gutpalya, Beelur, Chaknelu and Cheelur.

Five miles of this road have been constructed by the Revenue Department, but as only Rs. 100 are allotted annually, it may take a long time to complete it.

(2) A road from Mittemari to Julpalya, thence to Palkere and Chelur.

The District Board might arrange for the construction of these roads.

(3) A road from Bagepalli to Goribidnur *via* Yellodu.

In the rainy season all communication and traffic is suspended during the time the river Chitravati at Bagepalli is in flood. A rough estimate may be prepared in the first instance for a bridge or a causeway.

GORIBIDNUR TALUK.

The road from Gudibanda to Goribidnur is not well consolidated.

The following roads were reported to be necessary :—

1. To connect Kamptipalli with Manchenahalli-Namagondlu road.
2. To connect Malaganahalli with the Goribidnur-Chikballapur road.

The Manchenahalli-Tondebhavi road requires improvement.

The villagers concerned seemed willing to assist in making these roads if the Government helped them to acquire the lands through which the roads would pass.

(*c*) *Tanks.*

SRINIVASPUR TALUK.

A large number of people prayed for repairs to the Mallampalli tank. The question should receive early attention by the Executive Engineer and the Deputy Commissioner.

The ryots said that they had done the earthwork to the Vadagenhalli tank long ago but that Government had not done the stone work. This complaint requires early attention.

SIDDLAGHATTA TALUK.

It was represented that the Atchkat of tanks was in excess of the available supply of water with the result that large portions of lands remained uncultivated. A list of such tanks in the taluk may be prepared and practical proposals submitted by the Deputy Commissioner in consultation with the Executive Engineer.

A tank at Melur was asked for.

It was represented that though the Chikdasenahalli tank was constructed at the cost of the ryots, a high wet rate of Rs. 6-14-0 per acre had been charged on the lands irrigated. The reason for such a high rate may be enquired into by the Deputy Commissioner.

The prayer for raising the Kodi of Royalkere should be enquired into by the Executive Engineer.

The people of Dibburhalli want their waste weir raised by 2 feet.

CHIKBALLAPUR TALUK.

Some of the ryots under the Rangadhaman tank want their wet lands to be converted into dry as they cannot be supplied with sufficient water for irrigation from the tank. The matter may be enquired into by the Sub-Division Officer and necessary proposals submitted to Government.

The following tanks in the Bagepalli Taluk, for which contribution was paid by the ryots several years ago, have not been restored. The delay is stated to be due to the projects not having been prepared:—

(1) Maragankunte Doddakere.
(2) Yellampalli Sadalganakunta.
(3) Penamale Rangamenankunta.
(4) Polinaikanpalli Chinpoolkunta.
(5) Kolinipalli Yerraparaddikunta.

In the Gudibanda Sub-Taluk also it was brought to notice that contribution had been recovered for the Pulasanivoddu tank 20 years ago and that the work had not been completed. Similar complaints were made as regards two other tanks in the Goribidnur Taluk, *viz.*, (1) Ossur tank and (2) Dyvasandra tank, for which contributions of Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 1,250 respectively were reported to have been recovered.

The Deputy Commissioner should be requested to send up a list of cases in which, though contribution has been recovered, work has not been carried out. This may be furnished for all taluks in the district within three months. Some arrangements should be made to restore the tanks concerned, or to refund the amount of contribution if it is not possible to restore them within a reasonable time.

Gudibanda Sub-Taluk.

At present a Manegar on Rs. 15 per mensem has been entertained for looking after the channels under the Gudibanda tank, the total length of which is only four miles. The Manegar seems to do little or no work and the channels are not properly maintained.

Bagepalli Taluk.

A rough scheme of irrigation from the Chitravati and its distributaries may be prepared in the Public Works Department and submitted for the orders of Government.

Goribidnur Taluk.

A project for the construction of a tank at Tondebhavi may be investigated.

Hindagur is a flourishing village. It was requested that the storage of the Hindagur tank may be increased.

Vedachalli tank is reported to have a large atchkat in excess of its irrigation capacity.

The people of Bommasandra wanted the weir of their tank raised.

The people of Brahmaradalli prayed for the restoration of their tank.

The question of increasing the capacity of the Gundapur tank and of the Mandalapalli tank may be investigated.

The Deputy Commissioner should be good enough to get these questions investigated by the Executive Engineer or his Sub-Divisional Officers and report the result to Government.

10. DISTRICT BOARDS AND MUNICIPALITIES.

The District Board of Kolar is reported to have reduced expenditure in the District to the extent of Rs. 10,000 to find money for interest on Railway debentures. It is not desirable that local works should be starved in this manner. The matter should receive attention in the Local Boards Section and the Financial Department.

Chintamani Taluk.

A complaint was made that the water-supply to Chintamani town was insufficient and it was represented that the Municipality had large balances from which the water-supply could be improved. The Executive Engineer has been requested to investigate a project for increasing the capacity of the existing reservoir if feasible.

Village tracks are reported to be insufficient in the northern part of the Chintamani Taluk.

Srinivaspur Taluk.

The Town Municipality is said to be without lights.

Chikballapur Taluk.

The people represented that a non-official Vice-President might be appointed for the Chikballapur Town Municipality.

The people agreed to give a trial to a smaller project of water-supply to the town costing under Rs. 40,000. The project may be completed and submitted at an early date.

Goribidnur Taluk.

The drainage of the town of Goribidnur seems defective.

It is stated that the levy of octroi has prejudicially affected trade as no such duty is imposed in the neighbouring Unions and towns in the British territory. It was suggested by the townspeople that the octroi might be abolished and the house tax increased. The drainage requires to be improved. A small Government contribution may be given if a proper surface drainage scheme is sent up.

A musafirkhana is said to be needed in Viduraswatha.

Authority was asked for to collect a cess of one anna during the fairs at Viduraswatha.

The Sub-Division Officer has undertaken to investigate the representations regarding the construction of new houses at Viduraswatha.

11. MUZRAI DEPARTMENT.

Chintamani Taluk.

The people of Chintamani asked for an increased grant for the Harihareswara temple in that town. The matter may be enquired into by the Deputy Commissioner and the result intimated.

Siddlaghatta Taluk.

It was represented that Government had promised to make a grant of Rs. 2,000 to the mosque at Siddlaghatta, but that only Rs. 1,000 had been paid. The Deputy Commissioner has been requested to make enquiries and furnish a report.

The people have raised Rs. 1,700 as an endowment to the Gopalaswami temple at Siddlaghatta and they complain that they are not receiving interest. The matter should be enquired into and placed on a satisfactory basis.

The Madigas of Siddlaghatta town are building a temple and want a contribution from Government. A sum not exceeding Rs. 50 has been promised and may be sanctioned in the Muzrai Department if the other half is contributed by the people.

Chikballapur Taluk.

The surroundings of the Nandi temple require to be improved at the cost of the temple funds.

Goribidnur Taluk.

One Venkatappa of Kamptipalli complained that he had paid some money towards the repairs of the Machenahalli temple and that the amount had neither been utilised for the purpose nor refunded to him. This statement requires verification and enquiry.

12. BANKS.

Siddlaghatta Taluk.

The working of the local Banks which are stated to be in a languishing condition should be inquired into and reported upon by the Registrar of Joint-Stock Companies.

Chikballapur Taluk.

The people of the taluk desired that a local branch of the Bank of Mysore may be established at Chikballapur for convenience of trade.

13. TAKAVI AND LAND IMPROVEMENT LOANS.

Chintamani Taluk.

More Takavi and Land Improvement loans seem to be needed in this taluk.

14. MISCELLANEOUS.

Chintamani Taluk.

Much inconvenience is said to be caused for want of telegraphic facilities in this important trading town. The townspeople were prepared to offer a guarantee for five years and it is now stated that a ten years' guarantee is required. Steps should be taken to provide telegraphic facilities at an early date.

Srinivaspur Taluk.

The silk industry in Srinivaspur is decaying. The Silk Expert may be requested to inspect the place and suggest what special measures are needed to revive the industry.

Siddlaghatta Taluk.

A copy of the Government Gazette may be supplied to the free Reading Room in Siddlaghatta town for one year.

Chikballapur Taluk.

If possible, the local library at Chikballapur started by Vaidika Brahmins may be supplied with the publications of the Oriental Library free.

A site may be finally fixed for the travellers' bungalow at Chikballapur and arrangements made early to construct the bungalow.

A complaint was made that postal communication in the direction of Gudibanda was circuitous and unsatisfactory. The Deputy Commissioner will furnish a detailed report to Government so that the Postal authorities may be addressed in the matter.

There seems to be scope at Mandikal for making tiles of the Mangalore pattern. A request was made that a Press and a Pugmill might be supplied free. The matter may be referred to the District Committee of the Economic Conference for necessary action.

Bagepalli Taluk.

A fly-shuttle loom was applied for by one of the weavers at Pathapalya. The District Committee of the Economic Conference may be requested to see what may be done to help him.

Goribidnur Taluk.

The demand which is stated to exist here for oil-engines for working pumps, sugarcane mills, etc., may be investigated by the Department of Industries and Commerce.

Bangalore, M. V.
14th February 1914.

SECTION III.

Information furnished by the Deputy Commissioner on the condition and wants of each taluk.

Srinivaspur Taluk.

Main heads.	Information furnished by the Deputy Commissioner.
I. Area, Population, etc.	Area—325 square miles. Population—64,170 consisting of 32,024 males and 32,146 females Density per square mile—191. Average rainfall for the last five years—28 inches, 92 cents. Rainfall for the last calendar year—21 inches, 26 cents.

Main heads.	Crop	Area cultivated (Acres)	Out-turn (Rs.)
AREA OF PRINCIPAL CROPS—			
(1) FOOD CROPS	Paddy	4,969	2,48,500
	Ragi	23,979	9,59,160
	Jola	211	7,596
	Kulthi	2,857	37,154
(2) COMMERCIAL CROPS ...	Sugar-cane	641	1,45,500
	Mulberry	44	4,400
	Til	128	5,160
REVENUE UNDER MAIN HEADS...	Land Revenue including Land Revenue Miscellaneous ...		1,53,655
	Forest		12,061
	Excise		21,195
	Mohatarfa		2,546
	Salt		...
	Miscellaneous		20,354
	TOTAL ...		2,09,811

	No.	Area (Acres)	Assessment (Rs.)
MAJOR TANKS—			
RESTORED	38 ...	5,542 ...	31,850
UNRESTORED	7 ...	791 ...	4,334
MINOR TANKS—			
RESTORED	74 ...	1,819 ...	9,842
UNRESTORED	263 ...	3,012 ...	15,341
MUNICIPALITY	1		
UNION	1		

PRINCIPAL FEATURES OF TALUK

The north and north-eastern parts of the taluk are not easily accessible, being enclosed by ranges of hills covered with jungle growth. Cultivation in these parts is poor, and complaints are heard of want of sufficient grazing lands for cattle owing to constitution of State Forests close to occupied lands in certain villages, and the general poorness of the gomal lands.

SRINIVASPUR TALUK—*concld.*

Heads.	Information furnished by the Deputy Commissioner.
II. Principal Occupations other than Agriculture.	Working at cotton and silk looms, manufacture of kumblis mat-weaving, extraction of oils and pottery.
EXPORTS	Article — Quantity — Value (Rs.) Rice ... ... 1,500 pallas — 30,000 Ragi ... ... 3,666 „ — 35,000 Paddy ... ... 7,500 „ — 60,000 Tamarind ... 52,800 mds. — 66,000 Jaggory ... 60,000 „ — 75,000
IMPORTS	Rice ... ... 300 pallas — 6,000 Ragi ... ... 1,888 „ — 17,000 Paddy ... ... 7,500 „ — 60,000 Bengal-gram ... 1,666 „ — 20,000
III. Important Wants and Difficulties.	1. Want of capital, education and men wielding influence. 2. The taluk is dreadfully poor and dependent on tank water. Failure of rains even for one year tells sorely upon the people. 3. Want of more schools in the taluk. There are 40 villages of more than 300 population without schools.
IV. Local Wants	4. Restoration of more minor tanks. The present rule of insisting on the raiyats to pay their contribution tells on them heavily. The raiyats are willing to pay their dues for tank repairs in three or four instalments, and if this is accepted, a large number of minor tanks could be restored. The taluk is mainly dependent on tanks, and more facilities will have therefore to be afforded to restore them. This will give the poor a means of livelihood. 5. Employment for Mahomedans. NOTE.—The Gold Fields is not far off, where persons who really want employment and are willing to work can readily find it.
V. Development of Tract — MEANS OF INCREASING PRODUCTIONS AND OCCUPATIONS.	Providing more schools for which the people are willing to co-operate by way of placing the buildings at the disposal of Government, and encouragement by way of free grants of timber for the purpose. A Commercial School may with advantage be opened to train young men in Book-keeping, accounts and correspondence. Chintamani, perhaps, would be a better place for the school. Great difficulty is often experienced for drinking water in this taluk. A few wells in selected localities in rural parts are very necessary. With the extension of the proposed railway line to Srinivaspur and Chintamani from Kolar, greater facilities will be afforded for traffic, and it may be expected that trade will consequently increase.
VI. Progress and Village Committees.	No Progress or Village Committees have been formed. A sum of Rs. 60 has been subscribed towards forming a Committee, and steps will be taken to collect the full amount of Rs. 100, and the Committee formed. There are 7 Co-operative Societies in this taluk. These are all credit societies giving loans on sufficient securities. They are doing very useful work.
VII. Other Special Matters deserving notice.	The country is barren, the people poor, education backward, leading influential men wanting and capitalists none. The taluk being for the most part rocky, and not often favoured with timely rains, it will go a great way in meeting the wants of the people if the existing irrigation works, many of which are in disrepair, are improved.

Chintamani Taluk.

Main heads.	Information furnished by the Deputy Commissioner.
I. Area, Population, etc.	Area—271 square miles. Population—62,077. Density per square mile—228. Average rainfall for the past 5 years—28 inches, 40 cents. Rainfall for the last calendar year—20 inches, 8 cents.

AREA OF PRINCIPAL CROPS—

Crop	Area cultivated Acres.	Out-turn Rs.
(1) FOOD CROPS		
Ragi	25,691	8,43,300
Ballar	3,212	19,272
Togari	74	570
Horse gram	3,326	14,052
Paddy	4,790	1,60,000
Samè	4,377	17,464
(2) COMMERCIAL CROPS ...		
Oil-seeds	1,143	3,950
Chillies	287	8,400
Mulberry	1,106	12,000
Tobacco	35	4,000
Sugar-cane	423	1,29,818

REVENUE UNDER MAIN HEADS...

Land Revenue including Land Revenue Miscellaneous ...	1,29,171
Forest	5,367
Excise	27,704
Mohatarfa	2,506
Salt	...
Miscellaneous	7,116
TOTAL ...	1,71,864

	No.	Area Acres	Assessment Rs.
MAJOR TANKS—			
RESTORED	20 ...	2,487 ...	14,672
UNRESTORED	6 ...	343 ...	2,138
MINOR TANKS—			
RESTORED	51 ...	1,201 ...	7,086
UNRESTORED	420 ...	5,484 ...	30,851
MUNICIPALITY	1. (Regulation municipality)		
UNIONS	3.		

PRINCIPAL FEATURES OF TALUK — Two distinct tracts, one stony and the other more open and cultivable. There is a large extent of unculturable land in the northern side of the taluk.

II. Principal Occupations other than Agriculture. — Shroffing and money-lending in Chintamani itself, and sericultural operations, weaving of coarse *dupties*, etc., elsewhere. The trade is entirely in the hands of the Vysya merchants.

Article	Quantity	Value Rs.
EXPORTS		
Rice ...	4,000 khandies	80,000
Ragi ...	1,000 ,,	9,000
Paddy ...	1,000 ,,	8,000
Horse gram	500 ,,	6,000
Togari ...	100 ,,	15,000
Chillies ...	1,000 maunds	3,000
Tamarind	10,000 ,,	12,500
Jaggory ...	10,000 ,,	12,500
IMPORTS		
Rice ...	4,000 khandies	80,000
Ragi ...	1,000 ,,	9,000
Wheat ...	200 pallas	2,800
Paddy ...	1,000 khandies	8,000
Bengal gram	400 pallas	4,800
Black gram	400 ,,	4,800
Green gram	400 ,,	4,800

CHINTAMANI TALUK—*concld.*

Main Heads.	Information furnished by the Deputy Commissioner.
III. Important Wants and Difficulties.	Improvement of the existing irrigation works, extension and improvement of the silk weaving industry, and opening out village roads in rural parts.
IV. Local Wants	Supply of filtered water to the Chintamani town. Opening of a combined Post and Telegraph office at Chintamani. Establishment of a sericultural depot for the purpose of supplying wealthy cocoons. Connecting Chintamani with Kolar by Railway
V. Development of Tract MEANS OF IMPROVEMENT, BASIN OF PRODUCTIONS AND OCCUPATIONS.	The storage capacity of some of the tanks may be increased by raising the waste weirs. Some concessions to the raiyats, if they undertake the work themselves, in the way of remissions, may be conceded. There are 56 villages with a population of 300, most of which require schools. The opening of Chintamani-Kolar road *viâ* Sugatur will shorten the distance between Chintamani and Kolar by about 7 miles and facilitate the development of trade and commerce. The opening of a road from Chintamani-Chelur road and connecting it with the Dharmavaram section of the South Indian Railway will also open up the northern portion of the taluk for trade and commerce with the surrounding British Territory. One Mr. Abdul Rahiman is constructing a tannery. A Commercial School is also desirable.
VI. Progress and Village Committees.	An Agricultural Association has been formed at Chintamani, but as there are so few literate men in villages, no Village Committees have yet been formed. This will come with education.

Siddlaghatta Taluk.

I. Area, Population, etc. . . .

Area—329·40 square miles.

Population—70,895 consisting of 35,527 males and 35,368 females.

Density per square mile—215.

Average rainfall for the last five years—32 inches, 20 cents.

Rainfall for the last calendar year—22·01 inches.

	Crop		Area cultivated Acres.	Out-turn Rs.
AREA OF PRINCIPAL CROPS				
1. FOOD CROPS . . .	Ragi	...	... 24,926	4,98,520
	Paddy	...	... 1,449	69,552
	Sugar-cane	...	.. 723	1,62,697
	Horse gram	...	... 1,448	28,236
	Jolam	...	... 40	390
	Samè	...	... 806	10,881
	Potatoes	...	... 36	2,592
2. COMMERCIAL CROPS ...	Mulberry	...	... 2,099	3,14,850
	Turmeric	...	... 18	2,160
REVENUE UNDER MAIN HEADS.	Land Revenue including Land Revenue Miscellaneous	...		1,47,230
	Forest	... ...	...	5,849
	Excise	... ...	...	25,700
	Mohatarfa	... ...	...	2,468
	Salt	... ...	...	6
	Miscellaneous	... ...	...	25,228
			Total ...	2,06,481

SIDDLAGHATTA TALUK—*contd.*

Main heads.	Information furnished by the Deputy Commissioner.

	No.	Area	Assessment
		Acres	Rs.
MAJOR TANKS—			
RESTORED	50 ...	8,483 ...	57,861
UNRESTORED	1 ...	67 ...	414
MINOR TANKS—			
RESTORED	50 ...	1,196 ...	7,432
UNRESTORED	156 ...	2,520 ...	12,451
MUNICIPALITY	1[illegible]		
UNIONS	3.		

PRINCIPAL FEATURES OF TALUK

The Papaghni river flows through the greater part of the taluk. Starting from Ablodu, 4 miles north of Sidlaghatta, it takes a north-easterly course of 25 miles feeding several tanks and forming a fertile valley. The supply of water is always good and sufficient. A branch of the South Pinakini starts from the same village and takes a southern course, and is caught up by the Ammankere, the Belluti and Bhadran tanks in this taluk and the Hoskote tank. Helped from the main stream from Chikballapur, the latter two tanks of this taluk get a fairly good supply of water. A branch of the Chitravati rises in the Basettihalli Hobli, and after being caught up by several fairly large tanks, feeds the large Ramasagara tank, but is not strong enough to fill this tank entirely.

The northern parts of the taluk are hilly and rugged, but fertile patches with small tanks intervene. Sheep and goats are largely reared and find pasture in these inaccessible parts. Low lying lands are fertile especially in the southern portion of the taluk, and irrigation by lift wells makes the raising of the sugar-cane and other crops possible even when the rainfall has been a failure.

The soil varies considerably in the taluk, but fertile reddish gravelly soil suitable for dry crops predominates more especially in the southern half of the taluk. When the rainfall is good and evenly distributed, even the worst lands are capable of yielding a good dry crop, though the circumstance that they have not been cultivated for years would be a contributing cause.

There is no natural jungle growth, but shrubs, good grass and ordinary trees are to be found. *Honge* trees grow on the banks of streams and are often cultivated for the sake of the leaves for manure if not for the pods for oil. They grow all over the taluk and are invaluable for manure and fuel, two of the pressing needs of the taluk. The north of the taluk contains excellent stone quarries, and most houses are built on stone uprights with flat mud roofs. There are two corundum quarries also in the taluk.

II. Principal Occupations other than Agriculture.

The manufactures consist chiefly of silk thread in Sidlaghatta and Jangamkote hoblis, ordinary sadies, cotton sheets and checks chiefly in Jangamkote and Kasaba hoblis (about 200 cotton looms engaging about 4 to 5 hundred persons), kumblies (about 20 looms engaging about 50 persons) glass bangles at Thimsandra in Sadali hobli, and sack cloth engaging about 30 persons chiefly at Tekhalli in the Basettihalli hobli.

	Article	Quantity	Value
			Rs.
EXPORTS	Silk	900 maunds	1,80,000
	Potatoes ...	16,000 ,,	16,000
	Coarse sugar ...	20,000 ,,	30,000
	Turmeric ...	5,000 ,,	10,000
	Tamarind ...	2,000 ,,	3,000
	Tangadi bark ...	400 tons	10,000
IMPORTS	Paddy	750 khandies	6,000
	Oil	700 maunds	4,000
	Cloth	...	1,00,000
	Cocoanuts ...	80,000	5,000

SIDDLAGHATTA TALUK—*concld.*

Matters.	Information furnished by the Deputy Commissioner.
III. Important Wants and Difficulties.	Improvement of cart-tracks and formation of new roads. Introduction of Railway and Telegraph. Grant of assessed wet lands for dry cultivation at dry rates when tanks do not fill, and when such lands are lying *banjar* for three years. Improvement of live stock by the supply of good breeding bulls and rams. Providing drinking water wells for important villages. Encouraging the growth of *Honge* trees by concessions and grant of bonuses.
IV. Local Wants	An extra establishment of one daffeder and 6 constables for the Sidlaghatta town duty, and later on a Central Police Station in the town More school accommodation at Sidlaghatta and Jangamkote.
V. Development of Tract ... MEANS OF INCREASING PRODUCTION AND OCCUPATIONS.	*Tank improvements.*—Restoration of Yennangur tank, Rallakere tank, Chik-tekhalli tank and minor tanks, and raising the waste weirs of Bandammankere and Gowdankere in Basettihalli hobli. Opening a channel from Kyasavara tank to feed Sidlaghatta Ammankere after the Bhadran tank has received its full supply of water. *New roads and village tracks.*—Improvement of the local fund roads from Sidlaghatta to Dibburhalli and Sidlaghatta to Melur to connect the most important roads of Chintamani-Bagepalli and Kolar-Sompur, and providing a direct route from north to south of the taluk, and thus bringing Bangalore several miles nearer; also a good road from Dibburhalli to Motamakalpalli *viâ* Thalakayalbetta and Burudagunte. Introduction of compulsory education, and affording better facilities for imparting practical instruction in silk-worm rearing, silk reeling and allied industries. Improving the silk industry by the deputation of experts. Helping the weaving community by supplying yarn at cost price for cash. Minute enquiries and statistics show that the ordinary raiyat and handicraftsman is better off than the weaver *Trade facilities.*—Formation of a Commercial Union. Providing Musafirkhanas at Sadali, Burudagunte, Chilkalnerpu, and completing the northern half of the Jangamkote Musafirkhana.
VI. Progress and Village Committees.	A Taluk Progress Committee was formed on the 31st October 1913, and other kindred associations are being formed.
VII. Other Special Matters deserving notice.	Holding a cattle exhibition at the time of the Melur Jatra and awarding prizes out of the collection from a cattle cess to be levied. Devising means of making the live-stock of the agriculturist more productive by improving the breed and organised dairy farming.

Chikballapur Taluk.

I. Area, Population, etc. ... ...

Area—252 square miles.

Population—56,758.

Density per square mile—226.

Average rainfall for the last five years—26·20 inches.

Rainfall for the last calendar year—23·56 inches.

VARIETIES OF PRINCIPAL CROPS RAISED. CROPS ...

Crop	Area cultivated	Out-turn
	Acres	Rs.
Ragi	... 24,800	7,81,200
Paddy	... 5,260	2,10,400
Horse gram ...	... 1,745	20,952
Ballar	... 936	5,616
Togari	... 216	1,728
Other food grains	... 918	18,360

CHIKBALLAPUR TALUK—*contd.*

Main heads.	Information furnished by the Deputy Commissioner.

(*b*) COMMERCIAL CROPS ...

Crop	Area cultivated Acres	Out-turn Rs.
Ground-nuts	230	80,504
Sugar-cane	1,060	3,31,250
Oil-seeds	336	11,373
Onions	79	19,752
Potatoes	145	17,404
Mulberry	320	1,63,020

REVENUE UNDER MAIN HEADS ...

Land Revenue including Land Revenue Miscellaneous ...	1,00,346
Forest	7,982
Excise	51,093
Mohatarfa	1,544
Salt	...
Miscellaneous	55,646
TOTAL ...	2,16,612

	No.	Area Acres	Assessment Rs.
MAJOR TANKS—			
RESTORED	23 ...	4,512 ...	31,164
UNRESTORED	4 ...	327 ...	1,917
MINOR TANKS—			
RESTORED	24 ...	661 ...	3,537
UNRESTORED	45 ...	938 ...	4,988
MUNICIPALITIES	1 (Regulation Municipality).		
UNIONS	4		

PRINCIPAL FEATURES OF TALUK.

The taluk contains a lofty range of mountains with rivers rising on either side. The soil is fertile and favorable for sugar-cane and other cultivation.

II. Principal occupations other than Agriculture.

Manufacture of sugar, iron foundry, tannery, silk industry, weaving trade, oil extracting, tile making, etc.

A tile factory has now been opened at Mandikal. This requires encouragement.

Article	Quantity	Value Rs.
EXPORTS		
Ground-nuts	8,050 pallas	32,200
Jaggory ...	121,066 mds.	1,51,332
Potatoes ...	18,100 ,,	13,570
Onions ...	19,500 ,,	9,750
Raw silk & jute	40,755	1,63,020
IMPORTS		
Paddy ...	1,600 pallas	17,600
Rice	16,000 ,,	2,40,000
Ragi	25,600 ,,	2,56,000
Ghee	1,200 mds.	18,000
Ballar ...	160 pallas	1,280

III. Important Wants and Difficulties.

(1) Establishment of an Industrial School at Chikballapur.

(2) A building for all primary schools at Chikballapur.

IV. Local Wants ... ...

(1) Water-supply to Chikballapur town;
(2) Improvement of Postal communications;
(3) Town Hall at Chikballapur;
(4) Repairing the *Prakaram* of Sri Bhoga Nandeswara temple at Nandi;
(5) Establishment of an English school at Peresandra;
(6) A girls' school at Peresandra;
(7) Construction of a police station at Mandikal, and at Nandi;
(8) Construction of a building at Chikballapur for the Town and Taluk Police station;
(9) Construction of a building at Chikballapur for a Sanskrit school;
(10) Establishment of Indigenous hospital at Mandikal.

CHIKBALLAPUR TALUK—*concld.*

Information furnished by the Deputy Commissioner.

V. Development of Tract

MEANS OF INCREASING PRODUCTION AND EMPLOYMENT.

Restoration of minor tanks with the aid of Government.

Improving the existing village roads, and formation of new ones in places where they are needed.

The establishment of an Industrial school at Chikballapur is prayed for by the townspeople who are ready to contribute Rs. 2,000 towards the initial cost.

The Bangalore-Chikballapur Light Railway may be extended so as to join the Bowringpet-Kolar District Board Railway.

The formation of village roads by the villagers themselves may be encouraged by making small annual grants for the maintenance of roads already formed to supplement the voluntary contribution of labor of the villagers.

Expansion of mulberry cultivation.

The construction of a musafirkhana in Chikballapur town.

VI. Progress and Village Committees.

A committee called the "Chikballapur Town Progress Committee" to improve the material prosperity of the taluk has been recently formed, and the committee have been taking steps to popularize the use of improved ploughs and other agricultural machinery; water lifting pumps; the introduction of cotton cultivation; expansion of silk industry; and training agriculturists by practical demonstration; to provide for the education of adults by opening night schools; to hold a Co-operative Conference to improve the condition of the existing 7 Co-operative Societies and 98 village banks, and to increase self-help among the people.

An Agricultural Association has been organized to improve the condition of agriculture throughout the taluk.

Bagepalli Taluk.

I. Area, Population, etc ...

Area—363 square miles.

Population—54,099.

Density per square mile—149.

Average rainfall for the past 5 years—25 inches, 92 cents.

Rainfall for the last calendar year—25 inches, 14 cents.

	Crop	Area cultivated	Out-turn
		Acres	Rs.
VALUE OF PRINCIPAL CROPS			
(1) FOOD CROPS	Ragi	22,191	2,54,952
	Paddy	3,506	1,03,314
	Jolam	104	500
	Navane	438	2,190
	Sajje	4,391	4,388
	Horse gram	8,640	21,600
(2) OTHER THAN FOOD CROPS ...	Sugar-cane	973	72,887
	Togari	866	3,464
	Avare	1,850	14,800
	Tamarind	389	15,560
	Ground-nuts	314	1,570
REVENUE FROM MAIN HEADS ...	Land Revenue including Land Revenue Miscellaneous ...		1,12,223
	Forest		12,659
	Excise		38,570
	Mohatarfa		2,119
	Salt		12
	Miscellaneous		6,396
	TOTAL ...		1,71,98[illegible]

BAGEPALLI TALUK—*concld.*

Main heads.	Information furnished by the Deputy Commissioner.

	No.	Area Acres	Assessment Rs.
MAJOR TANKS—			
RESTORED	38 ...	5,370 ...	32,579
UNRESTORED	13 ...	984 ...	6,114
MINOR TANKS—			
RESTORED	81 ...	2,283 ...	13,158
UNRESTORED	206 ...	2,262 ...	12,176
MUNICIPALITIES	1 (Non-Regulation Municipality).		
UNIONS	Nil.		

PRINCIPAL FEATURES OF TALUK.

A rugged and hilly taluk watered by the Papaghni with its tributary on the south-east and the Chitravati on the west. The tract being rocky and irregular, a large portion of it is not fit for agricultural purposes.

II. Principal Occupations other than Agriculture.

Weaving and bangle-making.

	Article	Quantity	Value Rs.
EXPORTS	Ragi	20,000 pallas	1,20,000
	Paddy ...	10,000 ,,	50,000
	Horse gram ...	6,000 ,,	36,000
	Togari ...	100 ,,	1,000
	Jaggory ...	100,000 mds.	1,25,000
	Tamarind ...	5,000 ,,	7,500
IMPORTS	Rice	1,000 pallas	12,000
	Arecanuts ...	1,000 mds.	12,000
	Chillies ...	500 ,,	1,500
	Tobacco ...	500 ,,	2,000
	Sugar	500 ,,	2,000
	Piece-goods ...	.....	22,000
	Hutchellu oil	500 mds.	2,500
	Kerosene oil ...	200 tins	500

III. Important Wants and Difficulties.

Railway communications, opening up of new roads, sinking draw wells and opening of new schools.

IV. Local Wants ... ...

An anikat near Buttivaripalli across the Chitravati to feed Karkur and Gadadam tanks.

Improving Balaji Rao's kalve near Bagepalli.

V. Development of Tract—

MEANS OF INCREASING PRODUCTIONS AND OCCUPATIONS.

Constructing an anikat across the Chitravati and a channel from the Kusavati to feed serial tanks.

Restoration of minor tanks with subventions from Government;

Opening out new roads as follows:—

Gulur to Billur; Chakavel to Puligal; Nallacheruvu to Gummalpalli, Polnaikanpalli, Ganjikunte, Chintamani, and also from Mittemari to Polnaikanpalli, Venkatapura.

Affording of facilities for the improvement of weaving, bangle-making and carpentry.

VI. Progress and Village Committees.

A Reading Room has been opened to spread information. A Co-operative Society has been established where food grains are sold. A Progress Committee has also been formed, and is awaiting the formal sanction of Government.

VII. Other Special Matters deserving notice.

Of the 209 inhabited villages in the taluk, there are at present only 12 schools. The establishment of more schools is very necessary.

Being a frontier taluk with no chance of a railway being opened in the near future, a telegraph office is at least essential in the interests of both the Government and the people.

Gudibanda Sub-Taluk.

	Information furnished by the Deputy Commissioner.
I. Area, Population, etc. ...	Area 85·25 square miles. Population 18,027. Density per square mile ·211. Average rainfall for the last five years- 31 inches, 25 cents. Rainfall for the last calendar year -28 inches, 91 cents.

[illegible] Crops

[illegible] Crops ... ...

[illegible] Crops ...

[illegible] Main Heads ...

Crop	Area cultivated	Out-turn
	Acres	Rs.
Ragi	8,820	88,205
Paddy	2,055	82,237
Horse gram	1,703	8,519
Sugar-cane	564	1,12,960
Menthya	144	7,245
Ground-nuts	296	11,860

Land Revenue including Land Revenue Miscellaneous ...	38,481
Forest	109
Excise	10,827
Mohatarfa	1,003
Salt	9
Miscellaneous	709
TOTAL ...	51,138

[illegible] Towns

[illegible] ... .

[illegible] .. ..

Non-Regulation Towns

[illegible] . .. ...

[illegible] ... ...

[illegible] . .. ..

[illegible] . ... ..

[illegible] Villages of Taluk.

No.	Area Acres	Assessment Rs.
73 ..	3,109 ...	16,452
5 ...	490 ...	2,583
20 ...	561 ...	2,993
30 ...	393 ...	1,947

1 Non-Regulation Municipality.

No

The principal chain of mountains running north from Nundidroog passes through Gudibanda to Ananthapur, and the affluent of the Chitravati supplies Byrasagara tank, one of the largest tanks in the district.

II. Principal Occupations other than Agriculture.

Weaving of silk and cotton cloths, woollen kamblies of a coarse nature generally worn by the raiyat population, pottery, trade, basket and mat-making on a small scale.

A shop for the sale and hire of sugar cane mills has been recently opened at Gudibanda.

Exports ... .

Article	Quantity	Value Rs.
Jaggery ...	28,000 mds.	35,000
Tamarind ...	1,500 ,,	1,500
Ground-nuts ...	1,000 ,,	750
Paddy ...	500 kandies.	5,000
Ragi ...	500 ,,	5,000
Horse gram ...	200 ,,	1,600
Horse and ground-nut oil-seeds ...	50 mds.	250
Silk sarees, etc. ...	...	15,000

Imports . ...

Pieces-goods form the chief article of import from Bangalore and Hindupur, and their value may be roughly estimated at Rs. 12,000.

III. Important Wants and Difficulties.

Affording facilities in the matter of Postal communications.

IV. Local Wants .. ...

1. Extension of Government School building and providing recreation ground.

2. Establishment of a public reading room at the headquarter of the sub-taluk for the dissemination of knowledge and exchange of thoughts and ideas.

Some help in the direction of giving advances to the local weavers for using improved methods in weaving is necessary.

GUDIBANDA SUB-TALUK—*concld.*

Main heads.	Information furnished by the Deputy Commissioner.
V. Development of Tract— MEANS OF INCREASING PRODUCTION AND OCCUPATIONS.	Restoration of tanks with Government aid. Opening of a new road from Gudibanda to Kariganthammanhalli, and thence connecting it with Manchenhalli and Namagondlu. This may possibly result in the development of trade. There are now 4 Government elementary village schools, and the opening of new schools in the villages of Tirumani, Chandur, Yellodu, Dopparti and Someswara is necessary. The ghat portion of the Goribidnur-Peresandra road also requires to be improved. The construction of a travellers' bungalow and a musafirkhana at Gudibanda is necessary.
VI. Progress and Village Committees.	Thirty-six villagers have subscribed a sum of Rs. 246 for the constitution of a Progress Committee, and the question is under correspondence.
VII. Other Special Matters deserving notice.	Want of a telegraph office in the interests and efficiency of public service is keenly felt.

Goribidnur Taluk.

I. Area, Population, etc. ... ...

Area—343 square miles.
Population—90,516, consisting of 46,045 males and 44,471 females.
Density per square mile—263.
Average rainfall for the past 5 years—31 inches, 79 cents.
Rainfall during the last calendar year—32 inches, 42 cents.

AREA OF PRINCIPAL CROPS—

Crop	Area cultivated Acres	Out-turn Rs.
(1) FOOD CROPS		
Ragi	46,570	7,10,720
Same and navane ...	1,227	6,660
Paddy...	12,325	1,66,800
Jola and pulses ...	2,660	23,100
(2) COMMERCIAL CROPS ...		
Sugar-cane	2,195	2,25,405
Ground-nuts	2,483	88,678
Turmeric	767	38,350
Tobacco	314	23,550
Horse gram	4,020	14,000
Chillies	712	40,000

REVENUE UNDER MAIN HEADS ...

Land Revenue including Land Revenue Miscellaneous	1,66,737
Forest	4,793
Excise	1,27,972
Mohatarfa	4,754
Salt	...
Miscellaneous	31,162
TOTAL ...	3,35,418

	No.	Area Acres	Assesment Rs.
MAJOR TANKS—			
RESTORED	62	15,028	77,729
UNRESTORED	5	428	2,348
MINOR TANKS—			
RESTORED	31	1,253	5,293
UNRESTORED	34	778	2,756

MUNICIPALITIES ... ... One non-Regulation Municipality.
UNIONS ... ... Five.

GORIBIDNUR TALUK—*contd.*

Main heads.	Information furnished by the Deputy Commissioner
PRINCIPAL FEATURES OF TALUK...	Irrigation by means of *kapiles* and wells and *talaparige*s. Such a tension wells appear possible in places. A good portion of the taluk is watered by the North Pennar and its major tributaries, which, in several places, is impounded. The soil is fertile, making cotton, mulberry, cocoanut, vegetable and fruit gardens possible. The jaggory produced is praised for its keeping qualities and is largely exported: similarly ground-nut is very extensively sown and exported to France *viâ* Pondicherry, Cuddalore and Madras.
II. Principal occupations other than Agriculture.	Banking, Weaving principally at Vedalveni, Namagondlu, etc. Good brass vessels at Sonaganahalli of Hosur Hobli. There are a few mechanics at Kalludi who are first class fitters and repairers of cane-crushing mills of which there are 229 in number.

	Article	Quantity	Value
			Rs.
EXPORTS	Paddy ...	... 28,800 pallas	1,44,000
	Ragi ...	... 56,000 ,,	3,36,000
	Ground-nuts	... 12,000 ,,	1,20,000
	Chillies ...	... 4,000 mds.	20,000
	Tobacco ...	... 1,750 ,,	10,500
	Jaggory ...	1,27500 ,,	1,91,280
	Turmeric ...	... 70,000 ,,	1,05,000
IMPORTS	Rice ...	... 176 pallas	2,640
	Ragi ...	... 14,480 ,,	86,880
	Sugar ...	... 200 mds.	700

III. Important Wants and Difficulties.	Grant of loans on moderate rates of interest to agriculturists. Atchkat under most of the tanks is more than the tank water can irrigate. The bunds of major tanks may be raised and the minor tanks restored. Maintenance work cannot be enforced in the case of raiyats who live far away from the big tanks, and who cannot all be collected at one and the same time for the purpose. Hence the question of entrusting the work so far as the major tanks are concerned to the Public Works Department may be considered.
IV. Local Wants	Improvement of the following tanks: 1. Kudumalkunte tank. 2. Kenkere tank. 3. Thippaganhalli tank. 4. Gundapur tank. 5. Channykere tank. 6. Devasandra tank. 7 Pothenhalli Hathlagavadu tank. 8 Vutadahoshalli tank: capacity commensurate with atchkat to be increased. 9. Improving the capacity of Hudgur tank. 10. Feeder channel to the Gowdagere tank. A new school building for Hudgur village elementary school, with an increased grant-in-aid. Opening of a school at Gowdagere.
V. Development of Tract ... ... MEANS OF INCREASING PRODUCTION AND OCCUPATIONS	Hosur is a dry hobli. Perennial garden cultivation and cocoanut plantation may be increased by throwing open toddy reserves, especially those survey numbers classed and assessed as wet. In the villages of Mallasandra and Gadare, 87 acres assessed at Rs. 554 may thus be made available. Assessed waste under tanks may be given out on *shraya* tenure for perennial or *Dhruvapairu* bagayet.

GORIBIDNUR TALUK—*concld.*

Main heads.	Information furnished by the Deputy Commissioner.
	Anikat across Bandihalla near Thippaganhalli. This is a project sanctioned in 1905-06 and included under Famine Relief works. This tank is in Thondebhavi a dry hobli which is the first to suffer from bad seasonal conditions. The construction of this tank will benefit not only Thondebhavi but also the kasba hobli. Opening out the following roads :— 1. Bridge across the North Pennar on Goribidnur-Chikballapur road. 2. Road from Thondebhavi to Manchenhalli. 3. Do Idgur to Goribidnur. 4. Do Manchenhalli to Vatadahoshalli. 5. Do Goribidnur to Darinaikanpalya *viâ* Gangasandra. 6. Do Vatadahoshalli to Bagepalli frontier. 7. Do do to Nagaragere. 8. Do Dodkurgod to Malya. 9. Cart-track from Hosur to Kurudi. 10. Do Manchenhalli to Minakangurki. Village elementary schools at the following places.— Kadelveni, Kenkere, Upparhalli, Gowdagere, Kottur, Katankal and Gundalhalli. Oil-pressing and paddy husking machines may be tried at Hudgur, Goribidnur and Manchenhalli. The manufacture of sugar from toddy palm may be tried. A musafirkhana at Hosur and Darinaikanpalya may be built.
VI. Progress and Village Committees.	Not formed yet as the Amildar is new to the taluk.

P. F. BOWRING,

19th January 1914. *Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District.*

GPB—100—15-2-14.